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1 2 3 4 5	Christian S. Molnar, Esq. (SBN 177665) Ashley M. Hunt, Esq. (SBN 292083) <b>CHRISTIAN S. MOLNAR LAW CORPORAT</b> 12400 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 1180 Los Angeles, California 90025 Telephone: (310) 820-9900 Facsimile: (310) 820-9926 Email: <u>christian@christiansmolnarlaw.com</u> Attorneys for Plaintiff AMANDA LOLLAR, an in	8her	CONFORMED COPY ORIGINAL FILED Superior Court of California County of Los Angeles APR 27 2016 TI R. Caner, Executive Officer/Clerk By Raul Sanchez, Deputy			
6	Anomeys for Flammin AMANDA LOLLAR, an individual					
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8 9	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA,					
9 10	FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES, CENTRAL DISTRICT					
11	BAT WORLD SANCTUARY, and AMANDA LOLLAR, an individual	Case No.: BS140207 [Assigned for all purposes to the Honorable Robert Hess, Dept. "24"] OPPOSITION OF PLAINTIFF AMANDA LOLLAR TO MOTION TO QUASH, MODIFY SUBPOENA, PROTECTIVE ORDER OF DEFENDANT MARY CUMMINS				
12 13	Plaintiff,					
14 15 16	vs. MARY CUMMINS, an individual,					
17 18 19	Defendant.	Hearing Date: Time: Dept:	May 10, 2016 8:30 a.m. "24"			
20	MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES					
<ol> <li>21</li> <li>22</li> <li>23</li> <li>24</li> <li>25</li> <li>26</li> <li>27</li> <li>28</li> </ol>	I. <u>INTRODUCTION</u> This action arises out of a Texas judgment MARY CUMMINS, an individual ("Defendant CU LOLLAR, an individual ("Plaintiff LOLLAR,") in Dollars (\$6,000,000.00) which was entered in in th August 27, 2012 (hereinafter referred to as the "Def an abstract of judgment with respect to the Defama Los Angeles, on April 23, 2013, for the purposes of	JMMINS,") and in favo the principal sum of Si ne District Court of Tan famation Judgment.") ation Judgment in the S	or of Plaintiff AMANDA x Million and No/100 rant County, Texas on Plaintiff LOLLAR recorded tate of California, County of			
	OPPOSITION OF PLAINTIFF AMANDA L SUBPOENA, PROTECTIVE ORDEF					

CUMMINS' assets in this County. However, in a flagrant and transparent attempt to impede Plaintiff 1 LOLLAR's collection efforts, Defendant CUMMINS has repeatedly and maliciously filed entirely 2 frivolous motions, including motions to quash subpoenas issued as to her financial institutions or 3 suspected financial institutions, filed motions to disqualify multiple judicial officers, motions for 4 "contempt of court," motions for reconsideration, and motions to vacate judgment. The vast majority, 5 if not all, such motions have been summarily denied by the court; with many judicial officers 6 commenting that her motions were "groundless," "filed in bad faith" and made for the "purposes of 7 harassment." (See, e.g., Declaration of Ashley M. Hunt, Exhibit A," Transcript on Plaintiff 8 LOLLAR's motion for sanctions concerning Defendant CUMMINS' motion to recuse, District court 9 of Texas, Tarrant County, August 17, 2012.) 10

Despite the fact that Defendant has, already, been sanctioned by the court for her repeated filing 11 of frivolous and improper motions, Defendant CUMMINS persists in such conduct, in an obvious 12 attempt to prevent Plaintiff LOLLAR from executing upon the Defamation Judgment. In fact, 13 Defendant CUMMINS filed a virtually identical motion to "Quash, Modify Subpoena, Protective 14 Order" in this very court on February 18, 2014, which motion was denied on May 23, 2014. A true 15 and correct copy of the order on Defendant CUMMINS' Motion to Quash, Modify Subpoena, 16 Protective Order" is attached to the Declaration of Ashley M. Hunt (Hunt Dec.) as Exhibit "B," and 17 incorporated herein by this reference as though fully set forth. The only substantive difference 18 between Defendant's previous motion to quash, and this current motion, is the specific banking 19 institution subpoenaed: here, records from First Bank are being sought whereas Defendant's previous 20 motion to quash concerned records subpoenaed from One West Bank. A true and correct copy of the 21 22 subpoena in question is attached to the Declaration of Ashley M. Hunt as Exhibit "J," and incorporated herein by this reference as though fully set forth. Defendant CUMMINS is well aware 23 that this very issue has already been litigated, as evidenced by the fact that her "points and authorities" 24 is, quite literally, "cut and pasted" in large portion from her previous motion to quash. This motion, 25 like the previous, suffers from several egregious factual inaccuracies and material misstatements. As 26 27 an initial matter, Defendant CUMMINS asserts, on page two (2) of her motion, that she has appealed

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OPPOSITION OF PLAINTIFF AMANDA LOLLAR TO MOTION TO QUASH, MODIFY SUBPOENA, PROTECTIVE ORDER OF DEFENDANT MARK CUMMINS

1 the Defamation Judgment and she is "awaiting the Court's opinion any day." This is untrue. The Court of Appeals rendered an opinion upholding the 6-million-dollar Defamation Judgment over a 2 year ago, on April 9, 2015. Defendant CUMMINS is well aware of this fact, yet she persists in stating 3 that the Judgment is still on appeal, in an effort to mislead this court into believing that the Judgment 4 has the possibility of being overturned. A true and correct copy of relevant portions of the Court's 5 seventy-six page Appellate Ruling is attached to the Declaration of Ashley M. Hunt as Exhibit "H," 6 and incorporated herein by this reference as though fully set forth. Another example of Defendant 7 CUMMINS' blatant fabrications is her assertion that she has been "fired from two jobs" as a result of 8 Plaintiff's alleged harassment. However, Defendant CUMMINS has previously testified, under oath at 9 deposition, that she is self-employed, and has been self-employed since 1986 as a real-estate appraiser. 10 11 A true and correct copy of relevant excerpts of Defendant CUMMINS deposition transcript is attached to the Declaration of Ashley M. Hunt as Exhibit "I," and incorporated herein by this reference as 12 though fully set forth. She has also indicated in this court and in others, that she is unable to work due 13 to her health and medical condition. Her assertions that Plaintiff has caused her to be "fired" from 14 multiple jobs is, obviously, incongruent with the truth. 15

Defendant CUMMINS Motion to Quash is entirely frivolous and unmeritorious, and based on facts which Defendant CUMMINS knows to be false. It is brought for the sole purpose of harassment, to increase the costs of litigation for Plaintiff LOLLAR, and to impede Plaintiff's collection efforts. Such conduct is sanctionable under both California Code of Civil Procedure § 2023.030, and California Code of Civil Procedure Section 128.5, and Plaintiff LOLLAR herby requests sanctions against Defendant CUMMINS for her improper actions.

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### II. <u>DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO QUASH SHOULD BE DENIED</u>

Defendant CUMMINS makes three (3) arguments as to why the subpoena issued by Plaintiff LOLLAR to First Bank should be quashed – the subpoena seeks records which are irrelevant, the subpoena is over-broad, and the documents sought are protected from disclosure by privilege. Each of these arguments was previously raised, and rejected, in connection with Defendant CUMMINS' previous Motion to Quash filed in connection with Plaintiff's subpoena for bank statements from One

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OPPOSITION OF PLAINTIFF AMANDA LOLLAR TO MOTION TO QUASH, MODIFY SUBPOENA, PROTECTIVE ORDER OF DEFENDANT MARK CUMMINS

1 West Bank, which motion to quash was denied by this court on May 23, 2016. (See Hunt Dec., Exhibit "B.") Such arguments are equally unavailing in this most recent iteration of Defendant 2 CUMMINS' motion to quash. The bank records Plaintiff seeks are highly relevant to Plaintiff's 3 collection efforts as to the Defamation Judgment, and are highly likely to provide information 4 concerning Defendant CUMMINS assets, and are thus not "irrelevant" to this action. Neither is the 5 subpoena overly broad, as the subpoena is limited to bank statements which relate to accounts held for 6 Defendant CUMMINS, the judgment debtor here. Furthermore, Defendants bank statements are not 7 protected from disclosure by any privilege. Accordingly, Defendant CUMMINS' Motion to Quash 8 9 should be denied, in its entirety.

The Documents Sought By Way of This Subpoena Are Relevant to the Subject

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A.

### Matter of the Action

12 For discovery purposes, information should be regarded as "relevant to the subject matter" if it might reasonably assist a party in evaluating the case, preparing for trial, or facilitating settlement 13 thereof. (Gonzalez v. Sup. Ct. 33 CA4th 1539, 1546, 39 CR2D 896, 901 (1995); Lipton v. Sup. Ct. 48 14 CA4TH 1599, 1611, 56 CR2d 341, 347 (1995); Stewart v. Colonial W. Agency, Inc., 87 Cal. App. 4th 15 1006, 105 Cal. Rptr. 2d 115 (2001).) The "relevant to the subject matter" standard must be broadly 16 applied in accordance with the liberal policies underlying the discovery procedures. (Pac. Tel. & Tel. 17 Co. v. Superior Court, 2 Cal. 3d 161, 173, 465 P.2d 854, 862-63 (1970). Accordingly, the question of 18 relevance should generally be resolved in favor of permitting discovery. Chapin v. Superior Court 239 19 Cal.App.2d 851, 855—859 (1966).) 20

Here, Plaintiff LOLLAR's subpoena to First Bank seeks the statements of any accounts held on behalf of Defendant CUMMINS. Such records are likely to aid Plaintiff LOLLAR in executing upon the Defamation Judgment, in that they will assist Plaintiff LOLLAR in determining the location and amount of Defendant CUMMINS' assets. 24

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#### B. Plaintiff's Subpoena Is Not Overly Broad

Plaintiff LOLLAR's subpoena seeks records to establish Defendant CUMMINS' assets, for the 26 purpose of executing the Defamation Judgment. Contrary to Defendant CUMMINS' assertions of

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over-breadth, the subpoena at issue is narrowly tailored, and requests only "bank statements" for
accounts held "on behalf of [Defendant CUMMINS.]" Accordingly, the subpoena is limited to seek
only those documents which would establish Defendant CUMMINS' assets at the bank. The records
associated with those account(s), if any, are relevant and necessary to establish Defendant CUMMINS'
current assets, and provide Plaintiff information in connection with her efforts to execute upon the
Defamation Judgment.

Defendant CUMMINS' self-serving, unsubstantiated assertions that she has "no assets" or that 7 there are no relevant records at this particular bank, even if true, does not render the subpoena over-8 broad, or irrelevant to this action. Moreover, Plaintiff LOLLAR has reason to believe that such 9 assertions are, in fact, false, as Plaintiff has already discovered bank accounts of Defendant at other 10 11 banks, which she has attempted to conceal, and which Plaintiff has subsequently levied for the purposes of partially satisfying the Defamation Judgment. Accordingly, obtaining the bank statements 12 relating to Defendants' accounts from First Bank is critical to Plaintiff's ability to discover Defendant 13 CUMMINS' true assets. 14

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### <u>The Financial Records Sought By Way of This Subpoena Are Not Protected By</u> Privilege

Privacy protections are qualified; even very private information is subject to disclosure where it 17 is directly relevant to the action, and essential to a fair determination thereof. (Alch v. Sup.Ct. (Time 18 19 Warner Entertainment Co.) (2008) 165 Cal.App.4th 1412, 1431–1432; Schnabel v. Superior Court (1993) 5 Cal.4th 704, 714; Cal. Prac. Guide Civ. Pro. Before Trial Ch. 8C-5.) Here, 20 Defendants' financial records at First Bank are directly relevant to Plaintiff's enforcement efforts as to 21 22 the Defamation Judgment, and the production of such records is essential to Plaintiff's execution thereon. Such records also are directly relevant to the issue of whether Defendant CUMMINS is, as 23 she asserts, without a job, without assets, and entirely "judgment proof." Without obtaining 24 Defendants' financial records, Plaintiff will have no ability to enforce the Defamation Judgment, and 25 will have no ability to determine whether Defendant CUMMINS has assets which may be used to 26

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OPPOSITION OF PLAINTIFF AMANDA LOLLAR TO MOTION TO QUASH, MODIFY SUBPOENA, PROTECTIVE ORDER OF DEFENDANT MARK CUMMINS

satisfy the same. Consequently, any applicable privacy objections are outweighed by the importance and relevancy of the information sought.

The cases cited by Defendant in support of her argument that her bank records are protected by 3 privacy considerations are the same as previously cited by her in her unsuccessful February 18, 2014 4 Motion to Quash Subpoena. As previously discussed in the context of Defendant's previously Motion 5 to Quash, such cases, Britt v. Superior Court (1978) 20 Cal.3d 844, and Tylo v. Superior Court (1997) 6 55 Cal.App.4th 1379, are inapposite, and are inapplicable in this case. Britt v. Superior Court involves 7 the ability to obtain discovery as to membership in local private political organizations, and the 8 physician-patient and psychologist-patient privileges. Neither topic is at issue here, and thus the 9 holding of that case is not relevant to this action. Tylo v. Superior Court is likewise inapplicable. That 10 case involved questions regarding the health of Plaintiff's marital relationship, and issues regarding her 11 personal health. It has no bearing on the issue of the disclosure of banking records in a post-judgment, 12 enforcement context. Accordingly, Defendant has not presented any applicable legal support for her 13 assertion that the bank records sought by way of this subpoena are protected under any privilege. 14 Moreover, and in the event such records are deemed protected information, Plaintiff LOLLAR has 15 established that such records are directly relevant to the enforcement of the Defamation Judgment and 16 essential to Plaintiff's ability to execute thereon, and thus, such privacy protections must yield in light 17 of the critical importance of such information in the context of this action. 18

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### **Plaintiff Has No Ulterior Motives**

The majority of Defendant's Motion to Quash is comprised of wild accusations against 20 Plaintiff LOLLAR, which are made without any support or corroborating evidence. Such claims are 22 false, and the court should disregard such self-serving contentions based on the lack of credible evidence, and the fact that they are irrelevant to the matters at hand. The subpoena at issue here seeks 23 account statements for accounts held on behalf of Defendant CUMMINS at First Bank for the purpose 24 25 of enforcing the Defamation Judgment obtained against her. Such records are directly relevant to determine the location and sum of Defendant CUMMINS' assets, and relevant to her claims that she 26 27 does not have any assets to satisfy such judgment. Accordingly, the subpoena at issue here is a proper

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and valid discovery tool utilized for the purpose of obtaining such records, and is not being effectuated
 for any improper purpose.

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III.

### DEFENDANT CUMMINS SHOULD BE SANCTIONED FOR FILING THIS FRIVOLOUS MOTION TO QUASH, AND FOR PURPOSEFULLY ATTEMPTING TO INTERFERE WITH PLAINTIFF'S PROPER COLLECTION EFFORTS

The court may impose a monetary sanction ordering that one engaging in the misuse of the 6 discovery process, or any attorney advising that conduct, or both pay the reasonable expenses, 7 including attorney's fees, incurred by anyone as a result of that conduct. The court shall impose that 8 9 sanction unless it finds that the one subject to the sanction acted with substantial justification or that other circumstances make the imposition of the sanction unjust. (Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 2023.030 10 11 (West).) Misuses of the discovery process include making, without substantial justification, an unmeritorious objection to discovery." (Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 2023.010 (West).) The Court also has 12 discretion to impose sanctions based on frivolous actions or delaying tactics. (Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 13 128.5 (West).) Frivolous actions or delay tactics may include the making or opposing of motions. 14 (Cal. Civ. Proc. Code § 128.5 (West).) "Frivolous" actions are defined as those which are brought 15 "completely without merit" or for the sole purpose of harassing another party." (California Code of 16 Civil Procedure Section 128.5(b)(2).) Whether a pleading or motion lacks merit such that sanctions 17 are appropriate is measured by an objective standard; where a "reasonable" person would find the 18 19 conduct to be without legal merit, or a position without factual support, then the conduct is sanctionable as frivolous and vexatious, regardless of whether the party has a *subjective* belief that his 20 conduct is harassing. (Finnie v. Town of Tiburon (1988) 199 Cal.App.3d 1, 12; Chitsazzadeh v. 21 22 Kramer & Kaslow (2011) 199 Cal.App.4th 676, 683-684; see also Weisman v. Bower (1987) 193 Cal.App.3d 1231, 1236; Winick Corp. v. County Sanitation Dist. No. 2 (1986) 185 Cal.App.3d 1170, 23 1177; Bach v. McNelis (1989) 207 Cal.App.3d 852, 876.) 24

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A. Defendant CUMMINS' Motion To Quash Is Frivolous and Without Merit

In this action, Defendant CUMMINS began by unsuccessfully attempting to re-litigate the issues adjudicated by the Defamation Judgment through a failed motion to vacate the judgment filed

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1 on or about May 20, 2013. Subsequently, she filed a motion to quash a subpoena issued by Plaintiff to One West Bank, and, when that motion was denied, brought and *ex parte* application seeking 2 reconsideration of that ruling, which was also denied. (See Hunt Dec., Exhibit "B.") In blatant 3 disregard for the court's prior rulings, and despite the fact that this subpoena, as to First Bank, is 4 virtually identical to that served on One West Bank which was the basis of Defendant CUMMINS' 5 initial motion to quash, Defendant filed this instant motion to quash, which re-argues the *exact same* 6 issues already addressed in Defendant CUMMINS' first motion to quash, as to One West Bank, and 7 already decided against her. In fact, Defendants' "legal argument" is largely "cut and pasted" from her 8 previous papers, despite the fact that such arguments were already denied by the court not once, but 9 twice before. Given the fact that Defendant CUMMINS' motion to quash raises no new arguments, 10 11 and presents the exact same legal argument as to a virtually identical subpoena, no reasonable person would find the motion to have legal merit, and is thus sanctionable as frivolous and vexatious under 12 Section 128.5 of the California Code of Civil Procedure. 13

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## B. Defendant CUMMINS Has a Long History of Filing Frivolous Motions For the Purpose of Interfering with Plaintiff LOLLAR's Enforcement of the Defamation Judgment

In addition to the frivolous actions taken by Defendant CUMMINS in this case, Defendant 17 CUMMINS has a lengthy history of filing unmeritorious motions, improper motions, and untimely 18 19 motions for the purpose of improperly attempting to re-litigate issues determined against her, and interfering with Plaintiff's right to collect on the Defamation Judgment. This most recent Motion to 20 Quash, which is virtually identical to the previously filed unsuccessful motion to quash filed on 21 22 Defendant on February 18, 2014, is the latest example in a long line of duplicative, unmeritorious motions filed by her in an attempt to delay enforcement, unnecessarily increase litigation costs for 23 24 Plaintiff LOLLAR, and prevent Plaintiff from executing upon the Defamation Judgment. The following is a representative, but in no way exhaustive, list of Defendant CUMMINS' improper 25 filings, which have all been decided against her. 26

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1 In the underlying action <u>Batworld Sanctuary et al. v. Cummins</u>, *Tarrant County (Texas)* District Court (352<sup>nd</sup> Jud. Dist) Cause No. 352-248169-10. After the Defamation Judgment was 2 3 obtained by Plaintiff LOLLAR in this action, Defendant Cummins filed at least two motions for new trial. She filed three motions to recuse the judge as well as a motion to recuse the appellate judge, all 4 of which were denied. When that motion was denied, she filed a motion for reconsideration which 5 was, also, denied. The Orders on Defendant CUMMINS' motions for recusal, and her motion for 6 reconsideration of the denial thereof, are collectively attached to the Declaration of Ashley M. Hunt at 7 Exhibit "C," and incorporated hereby this reference as though fully set forth. In that action, 8 Defendant CUMMINS also unsuccessfully sought a protective order against Plaintiff LOLLAR, which 9 was also denied by the court. A true and correct copy of the July 21, 2011 order of the court denying 10 Defendant CUMMINS' motion for a protective order is attached to the Declaration of Ashley M. Hunt 11 as **Exhibit "D**," and incorporated herein by this reference as though fully set forth. and incorporated 12 herein by this reference as though fully set forth. 13

Defendant CUMMINS also repeatedly failed to comply with her discovery obligations, and
Defendant LOLLAR was subsequently sanctioned on multiple occasions. True and correct
representative examples of two (2) occasions in which Defendant CUMMINS was sanctioned for
failing to comply with her discovery obligations, or with court orders, are collectively attached to the
Declaration of Ashley M. Hunt as Exhibit "E," and incorporated herein by this reference as though
fully set forth.

In the action Cummins v. Amanda Lollar, Los Angeles County Superior Court Case No. 20 BS143169, Defendant CUMMINS sought a temporary restraining order against Plaintiff LOLLAR. 21 22 Such application was denied on July 1, 2013, and the Court sanctioned Cummins \$6,350 for prosecuting a baseless application. A true and correct copy of the minute order on Defendant 23 CUMMINS' Application for a Temporary Restraining Order is attached to the Declaration of Ashley 24 25 M. Hunt as **Exhibit "F**," and incorporated herein by this reference as though fully set forth. Cummins thereafter filed a groundless Motion for Reconsideration and "Amended Motion for Reconsideration" 26 27 in connection with such order, which was also denied on the basis that Defendant CUMMINS failed to

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1 present any new or additional facts. A true and correct copy of the docket of that action is attached to the Declaration of Ashley M. Hunt as **Exhibit "G,"** and incorporated herein by this reference as 2 though fully set forth. Defendant CUMMINS later filed an affidavit of prejudice against Judge 3 Goodson, who denied Defendant's Application for a Temporary Restraining Order, which was struck 4 on the grounds of untimeliness. Unperturbed, Defendant CUMMINS filed a statement of 5 disqualification, alleging the "extreme prejudice and bias" of Judge Goodson. On September 27, 6 2013, the court also struck the statement of disqualification. Defendant CUMMINS then filed an 7 appeal of the order denying her application for a temporary restraining order, which appeal was 8 9 ultimately denied. (See Hunt Dec., Exhibit "G.")

Such conduct represents a fraction of the repeated actions of Defendant CUMMINS in filing
unmeritorious and improper motions for the purpose of harassing Plaintiff LOLLAR, increasing the
costs of litigation, and preventing the enforcement of the Defamation Judgment. Such motions,
collectively and individually, were objectively completely without merit, especially given the fact that
Defendant CUMMINS repeatedly brought the same or similar motions on a repeated basis, despite the
fact that no new facts were presented which would support reconsideration of the motion.
Accordingly, Plaintiff LOLLAR respectfully requests that Defendant CUMMINS be sanctioned for

bringing this frivolous motion, without any legal basis, and despite the fact that the Court has already
considered, and denied, the arguments raised herein. (*See* California Code of Civil Procedure Section
128.5)

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#### IV. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

For the foregoing reasons, Plaintiff LOLLAR respectfully requests that Defendant CUMMINS' motion to quash be denied, and further requests that Defendant CUMMINS be sanctioned for filing this frivolous motion, for the apparent purpose of forcing Plaintiff to incur unnecessary attorneys' fees and costs, and to interfere with Plaintiff LOLLAR's collection of the Defamation Judgment.

Dated: April 27, 2016

**Christian S. Molnar Law Corporation** 

Ashley M. Hunt, Esq. attorneys for Plaintiff AMANDA LOLLAR, an individual

#### **DECLARATION OF ASHLEY M. HUNT, ESQ.**

I, Ashley M.	Hunt	declare
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I am an associate attorney employed by the Christian S. Molnar Law Corporation,
 counsel for Plaintiff AMANDA LOLLAR, an individual ("Plaintiff LOLLAR.") I have personal
 knowledge of the matters set forth in this Declaration and, if called as a witness, I could and would
 testify competently as to the matters stated below.

7 2. I am making this Declaration in support of Plaintiff LOLLAR's Opposition to
8 Defendant CUMMINS' Motion to Quash, MODIFY SUBPOENA, PROTECTIVE ORDER.

9 3. Attached hereto as Exhibit "A" is a true and correct excerpt of the transcript on
10 Plaintiff LOLLAR's motion for sanctions concerning Defendant CUMMINS' motion to recuse, filed
11 in the District court of Texas, Tarrant County, August 17, 2012.

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4. A true and correct copy of the order on Defendant CUMMINS' Motion to Quash, Modify Subpoena, Protective Order" is attached hereto as **Exhibit "B."** 

The Orders on Defendant CUMMINS' motions for recusal, and her motion for
reconsideration of the denial thereof, are collectively attached hereto as Exhibit "C."

6. A true and correct copy of the July 21, 2011 order of the court denying Defendant
CUMMINS' motion for a protective order is attached hereto as Exhibit "D."

7. Collectively attached hereto as Exhibit "E," are true and correct representative
examples of two (2) occasions in which Defendant CUMMINS was sanctioned for failing to comply
with her discovery obligations, or with court orders.

8. A true and correct copy of the minute order on Defendant CUMMINS' Application for
a Temporary Restraining Order is attached hereto as Exhibit "F," and incorporated herein by this
reference as though fully set forth.

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- 9. A true and correct copy of the Court's docket in <u>Cummins v. Amanda Lollar</u>, *Los* Angeles County Superior Court Case No. BS143169, is attached hereto as **Exhibit "G."**

10. The Court of Appeals rendered an opinion upholding the 6-million-dollar Defamation Judgment over a year ago, on April 9, 2015. Defendant CUMMINS is well aware of this fact, yet she persists in stating that the Judgment is still on appeal, in an effort to mislead this court into believing that the Judgment has the possibility of being overturned. A true and correct copy of relevant portions of the Court's Appellate Ruling is attached hereto as **Exhibit "H,"** and incorporated herein by this reference as though fully set forth.

11. Defendant CUMMINS has previously testified, under oath at deposition, that she is self-employed, and has been self-employed since 1986 as a real-estate appraiser. A true and correct copy of relevant excerpts of Defendant CUMMINS deposition transcript is attached hereto as **Exhibit** "I," and incorporated herein by this reference as though fully set forth.

12. A true and correct copy of the subpoena in question, issued to First Bank, is attached hereto as **Exhibit "J,"** and incorporated herein by this reference as though fully set forth.

I declare under penalty of perjury of the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Executed on this 4th day of April, 2016, at Los Angeles, California.

Ashley M. Hunt

1	PROOF OF SERVICE				
2	STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES				
3 4	I am employed in the county of Los Angeles, State of California. I am over the age of 18 and not a party to the within action. On April 27, 2016, I served the foregoing documents described as: OPPOSITION OF PLAINTIFF AMANDA LOLLAR TO MOTION TO QUASH, MODIFY SUBPOENA, PROTECTIVE ORDER OF DEFENDANT MARY CUMMINS				
5					
6					
7	on the following interested party in this action:				
8 9	Defendant MARY CUMMINS, an individual				
10	X by placing X a true copy the original in a sealed envelope addressed as follows: Mary Cummins 645 W. 9 <sup>th</sup> Street, #110-140 Los Angeles, California 90015				
11					
12	<b>X</b> BY MAIL: I am "readily familiar" with the firm's practice of collection and proces				
13 14 15	correspondence for mailing. Under that practice it would be deposited with U.S. postal service on that same day with postage thereon fully prepaid at Los Angeles, California in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for				
16	mailing in affidavit.				
17	BY PERSONAL SERVICE: I caused such envelope to be delivered by hand to the addressees as listed above. I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.				
18					
19	Executed on April 27, 2016, at Los Angeles, California.				
20	AN RULE				
21 22	Ashley M. Hant				
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