Case 2:18-ap-01066-RK Doc 85 Filed 05/26/19 Entered 05/26/19 21:30:30 Desc Imaged Certificate of Notice Page 1 of 9

Central District of California

Khionidi, Plaintiff Adv. Proc. No. 18-01066-RK

Cummins-Cobb, Defendant

CERTIFICATE OF NOTICE

District/off: 0973-2 User: admin Page 1 of 1 Date Rcvd: May 24, 2019

Form ID: pdf031 Total Noticed: 1

Notice by first class mail was sent to the following persons/entities by the Bankruptcy Noticing Center on May 26, 2019.

NO NOTICES MAILED.

Notice by electronic transmission was sent to the following persons/entities by the Bankruptcy Noticing Center. Mary Katherine Cummins-Cobb,

+E-mail/PDF: mary@marycummins.com May 25 2019 03:10:03 645 W 9th St #110-140, Los Angeles, CA 90015-1640

TOTAL: 1

***** BYPASSED RECIPIENTS (undeliverable, * duplicate) *****

intp Courtesy NEF

Konstantin Khionidi pla

TOTALS: 2, * 0, ## 0

Addresses marked '+' were corrected by inserting the ZIP or replacing an incorrect ZIP. USPS regulations require that automation-compatible mail display the correct ZIP.

Transmission times for electronic delivery are Eastern Time zone.

I, Joseph Speetjens, declare under the penalty of perjury that I have sent the attached document to the above listed entities in the manner shown, and prepared the Certificate of Notice and that it is true and correct to the best of my information and belief.

Meeting of Creditor Notices only (Official Form 309): Pursuant to Fed. R. Bank. P. 2002(a)(1), a notice containing the complete Social Security Number (SSN) of the debtor(s) was furnished to all parties listed. This official court copy contains the redacted SSN as required by the bankruptcy rules and the Judiciary's privacy policies.

Date: May 26, 2019 Signature: /s/Joseph Speetjens

CM/ECF NOTICE OF ELECTRONIC FILING

The following persons/entities were sent notice through the court's CM/ECF electronic mail (Email) system on May 24, 2019 at the address(es) listed below:

Peter J Mastan (TR) peter.mastan@dinsmore.com,

pmastan@iq7technology.com;travis.terry@dinsmore.com Philip H Stillman on behalf of Plaintiff Konstantin Khionidi pstillman@stillmanassociates.com Ronald N Richards on behalf of Interested Party Courtesy NEF ron@ronaldrichards.com,

 $\verb|morani@ronaldrichards.com|, \verb|justin@ronaldrichards.com||$

United States Trustee (LA) ustpregion16.la.ecf@usdoj.gov

TOTAL: 4

Case 2:18-ap-01066-RK Doc 85 Filed 05/26/19 Entered 05/26/19 21:30:30 Desc Imaged Certificate of Notice Page 2 of 9 1 2 FILED & ENTERED 3 4 MAY 24 2019 5 **CLERK U.S. BANKRUPTCY COURT** 6 **Central District of California** UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT DEPUTY CLERK 7 **CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA** 8 LOS ANGELES DIVISION 9 Case No. 2:17-bk-24993-RK 10 In re: 11 Chapter 7 MARY CUMMINS-COBB, Adv. No. 2:18-ap-01066-RK 12 Debtor. 13 ORDER GRANTING IN PART AND **DENYING IN PART THE MOTION OF** 14 PLAINTIFF KONSTANTIN KHIONIDI FOR PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT ON THE 15 FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION, DENYING PARTIAL SUMMARY JUDGMENT AND 16 GRANTING SUMMARY ADJUDICATION OF 17 **CERTAIN FACTS** 18 Vacated Hearing Date: May 29, 2019 KONSTANTIN KHIONIDI, AS TRUSTEE 19 OF THE COBBS TRUST, Time: 1:30 p.m. Courtroom: 1675 20 Plaintiff, 21 VS. 22 MARY CUMMINS-COBB. 23 Defendant. 24 The motion of Plaintiff Konstantin Khionidi ("Plaintiff"), as Trustee of the Cobbs Trust, for 25 partial summary judgment on the fourth cause of action under 11 U.S.C. § 523(a)(6) in the 26 adversary complaint ("Motion"), filed on November 26, 2018 (Docket No. 35), came on for 27 hearing before the undersigned United States Bankruptcy Judge on March 27, 2019. Attorney 28 Philip H. Stillman, of Stillman & Associates, appeared for Plaintiff. Defendant Mary Cummins-

Cobb ("Cummins" or "Defendant") appeared for herself at the hearing. Plaintiff's motion for partial summary judgment requested summary judgment on the fourth cause of action to determine the judgment rendered in Texas state court against Cummins for defamation on August 27, 2012, and the California Sister-State judgment entered on the Texas judgment by the Superior Court of California for the County of Los Angeles nondischargeable pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 523(a)(6).

Defendant filed a Reply to Plaintiff's Second Motion for Partial Summary Judgment on the Fourth Cause of Action ("Opposition") (Docket No. 39), on December 19, 2018. On December 26, 2018, Plaintiff filed a Reply in Support of his Motion for Partial Summary Judgment on the Fourth Cause of Action ("Reply") (Docket No. 39). On February 11, 2019, Defendant filed a Reply to Plaintiff's Statement of Uncontroverted Facts and Conclusions of Law in Support of Plaintiff's Motion for Summary Judgment (Docket No. 50). Plaintiff filed a Further Reply in Support of his Motion for Partial Summary Judgment on the Fourth Cause of Action (Docket No. 55), on February 26, 2019.

The Motion is currently set for hearing before this court on May 29, 2019 at 1:30 p.m. Having considered the Motion, Opposition, Reply and related pleadings listed above, and the arguments of the parties, the court modifies and adopts Plaintiff's Statement of Uncontroverted Facts as follows based on its independent review of the evidence in support of Proposed Statement of Uncontroverted Facts and Conclusions of Law on Plaintiff's Motion for Partial Summary Judgment on the Fourth Cause of Action filed by Plaintiff on November 26, 2018 and in opposition thereto by Defendant. The court hereby grants Plaintiff's motion as to summary adjudication of certain facts, but denies the motion requesting partial summary judgment as to the fourth cause of action and summary adjudication of other facts.

UNCONTROVERTED FACTS

The court determines that the following material facts are not genuinely in dispute and that such facts are uncontroverted and are deemed established in this case.

1. On October 4, 2011, Plaintiffs Bat World Sanctuary and Amanda Lollar filed a Second Amended Petition against Defendant Mary Cummins in the Texas District Court for

11 12

13

14 15

16

17

18 19

20

21 22

23 24

25

26 27

28

Tarrant County, Bat World Sanctuary et al. v. Cummins, Case No. Case No. 352-248169-10 (the "Texas Case"). Motion, Declaration of Philip H. Stillman ("Stillman Decl.") ¶ 2, and Exhibit 1 attached thereto.

- 2. The Second Amended Petition in the Texas Case had counts for breach of contract, defamation and exemplary damages. Motion, Exhibit 1 to Stillman Decl., Second Amended Petition, ¶¶ 14, 16, and 17. These claims were common law claims under state law. Cummins appeared at trial, testified, and presented her own evidence. Motion, Exhibit 4 to Stillman Decl., Cummins v. Bat World Sanctuary, 2015 Tex. App. LEXIS 3472 (Tex. App. Apr. 9, 2015).
- 3. After a bench trial, the Texas Trial Court gave its oral ruling that "the plaintiff has clearly proven that a defamation in this case was egregious as well as malicious as well as intentional." Motion, Exhibit 2 to Stillman Decl., June 14, 2012 Trial Transcript, 4:8-11 (emphasis added).
- 4. Based thereon, the Texas Trial Court entered a judgment ("Texas Judgment") on August 27, 2012 and awarded \$3 million in actual damages for defamation and \$3 million in exemplary damages in favor of Plaintiff Amanda Lollar. Motion, Exhibit 3 to Stillman Decl., Texas Judgment, Cummins v. Bat World Sanctuary, 2015 Tex. App. LEXIS 3472 at *1 (Tex. App. Apr. 9, 2015).
- 5. In addition, the Texas Trial Court included a list of all of the defamatory statements that, as part of the Texas Judgment, Cummins was ordered to take down. Motion, Exhibit 3 to Stillman Decl., Texas Judgment, pp. 1–5.
- 6. Cummins appealed that judgment and the judgment was affirmed as to the defamation cause of action and as to the award of exemplary damages relating to Lollar. Motion, Exhibit 4 to Stillman Decl., Cummins v. Bat World Sanctuary, 2015 Tex. App. LEXIS 3472 (Tex. App. Apr. 9, 2015). Her petition for review to the Texas Supreme Court was denied. Id. and Stillman Decl. ¶ 5. The Texas Judgment is therefore final. Stillman Decl. ¶ 5.
- 7. The Texas Court of Appeals stated in its opinion: "In a defamation case in which actual malice is required and is found, the First Amendment requires appellate courts to

conduct an independent review of the evidence supporting the finding." Motion, Exhibit 4 to Stillman Decl., *Cummins v. Bat World Sanctuary*, 2015 Tex. App. Lexis 3472, at *8 (Tex. App. 2015) (citing *Bentley v. Bunton*, 94 S.W.3d 561, 597 (Tex. 2002)). Subsequently, the Texas Court of Appeals affirmed the Texas Judgment, making extensive findings in support of its appellate judgment. *Id.*

- 8. After reviewing the trial record, the Texas Court of Appeals held that "The comments she [Cummins] made about Lollar leave no doubt that she had a specific intent to cause substantial injury or harm to Lollar." Motion, Exhibit 4 to Stillman Decl., *Cummins v. Bat World Sanctuary*, 2015 Tex. App. LEXIS 3472, at *73 (Tex. App. Apr. 9, 2015).
- 9. In reviewing the issue of whether sufficient evidence supported that finding, the Texas Court of Appeals stated: "Clear and convincing evidence also supports a finding that Cummins published statements on the internet with actual malice." Motion, Exhibit 4 to Stillman Decl., *Cummins v. Bat World Sanctuary*, 2015 Tex. App. LEXIS 3472, at *73 (Tex. App. Apr. 9, 2015).
- 10. In reviewing de novo whether evidence presented at trial established actual malice by clear and convincing evidence as required under Texas law, the Texas Court of Appeals found that the evidence presented at trial established that Cummins posted a flood of statements about Lollar accusing her of serious wrongdoings, including crimes, and she published her statements to as wide of an audience as she could, including to numerous law enforcement agencies. Motion, Exhibit 4 to Stillman Decl., *Cummins v. Bat World Sanctuary*, 2015 Tex. App. LEXIS 3472, at *71–73 (Tex. App. Apr. 9, 2015).
- 11. The Texas Court of Appeals found that "Lollar showed by clear and convincing evidence that Cummins acted with malice as that term is used in chapter 41 and with the actual malice required under the First Amendment." Motion, Exhibit 4 to Stillman Decl.. *Cummins v. Bat World Sanctuary*, 2015 Tex. App. LEXIS 3472, at *72 (Tex. App. Apr. 9, 2015).
- 12. The Texas Court of Appeals further stated in its opinion: "The evidence supports a conclusion that Cummins engaged in a persistent, calculated attack on Lollar with the

6 7

8

10 11

12

13 14

15

16 17

18

19 20

21

22 23

24

25 26

27 28

intention to ruin both Lollar's life's work and her credibility and standing in the animal rehabilitation community." Motion, Exhibit 4 to Stillman Decl., Cummins v. Bat World Sanctuary, 2015 Tex. App. LEXIS 3472, at *72–73 (Tex. App. Apr. 9, 2015).

- 13. Cummins posted innumerable derogatory statements about Lollar impugning her honesty and her competency, and she repeatedly and relentlessly reported Lollar to multiple government agencies. "The comments she made about Lollar leave no doubt that she [Cummins] had a specific intent to cause substantial injury or harm to Lollar." Motion, Exhibit 4 to Stillman Decl., Cummins v. Bat World Sanctuary, 2015 Tex. App. LEXIS 3472, at *73 (Tex. App. Apr. 9, 2015).
- 14. The Texas Trial Court awarded \$3 million in "exemplary damages" in favor of Lollar and against Cummins. Motion, Exhibit 3 to Stillman Decl., Texas Judgment.
- The record in the Texas case "supports a finding of malice—both of the malice 15. required for an award of exemplary damages under Texas law and of actual malice as required for an award of exemplary damages in defamation actions." Motion, Exhibit 4 to Stillman Decl., Cummins v. Bat World Sanctuary, 2015 Tex. App. LEXIS 3472, at *75 (Tex. App. Apr. 9, 2015).
- 16. Cummins's intentional smear campaign against Lollar can be grouped into several categories. "Most of statements fall into one of three categories: allegations that Lollar committed animal cruelty, allegations that Lollar committed fraud, and allegations that Lollar violated a law, rule, standard, or regulation." Motion, Exhibit 4 to Stillman Decl., Cummins v. Bat World Sanctuary, 2015 Tex. App. LEXIS 3472, at *33–34 (Tex. App. Apr. 9, 2015).
- 17. As to each of the statements, the evidence in the Texas case established that the statements Cummins made and published on the internet were false. Motion, Exhibit 4 to Stillman Decl., Cummins v. Bat World Sanctuary, 2015 Tex. App. LEXIS 3472, at *34-69 (Tex. App. Apr. 9, 2015)
- 18. The Texas Court of Appeals also held that Cummins repeatedly lied at trial. "For example, with regard to Cummins's statements about Lollar's dogs, the evidence supported a

4

5

6

7

8

11

12

10

13 14

15 16

17 18

19

20 21

22

23 24

25

26

27 28 finding that Cummins was not telling the truth." Motion, Exhibit 4 to Stillman Decl., Cummins v. Bat World Sanctuary, 2015 Tex. App. LEXIS 3472, at *73-74 (Tex. App. Apr. 9, 2015).

- 19. Regarding a video Cummins posted, the Texas Court of Appeals held that Cummins "had no basis for asserting as fact what was at best speculation and at worst total fabrication. But she posted her version as fact, not speculation, and then she spread her version as far and wide as she possibly could." Motion, Exhibit 4 to Stillman Decl., Cummins v. Bat World Sanctuary, 2015 Tex. App. LEXIS 3472, at *74 (Tex. App. Apr. 9, 2015).
- 20. The Texas Court of Appeals held: "The trial court's determination that Cummins was not credible was a reasonable one . . . Cummins published fabricated statements about Lollar's care of her dogs, and, thus the statements were made with actual malice." Motion, Exhibit 4 to Stillman Decl., Cummins v. Bat World Sanctuary, 2015 Tex. App. LEXIS 3472, at *74 (Tex. App. Apr. 9, 2015).
- 21. Based on these credibility determinations, the Texas Court of Appeals held that clear and convincing evidence supports the trial court's finding that Cummins published statements on these matters with actual malice. Motion, Exhibit 4 to Stillman Decl., Cummins v. Bat World Sanctuary, 2015 Tex. App. LEXIS 3472, at *73–74 (Tex. App. Apr. 9, 2015).
- 22. The Texas Trial Court, and the Texas Court of Appeals in affirming the defamation and exemplary damages portions of the judgment, found that (1) the Debtor defamed Amanda Lollar, (2) clear and convincing evidence established that the libelous statements were made by the Debtor with actual malice, (3) the statements were designed to ruin Lollar's professional and personal reputation locally and nationally and (4) Cummins had a specific intent to cause substantial injury or harm to Lollar. Motion, Exhibit 4 to Stillman Decl., Cummins v. Bat World Sanctuary, 2015 Tex. App. LEXIS 3472, (Tex. App. Apr. 9, 2015).
- 23. These findings were consistent with the trial judge's oral ruling from the bench at the conclusion of the bench trial, and before the written form of judgment had been prepared, that "the plaintiff has clearly proven that a defamation in this case was egregious as well as malicious as well as intentional." Motion, Exhibit 2 to Stillman Decl., June 14, 2012 Trial Transcript, 4:8–11 (emphasis added).

4

11

12

13 14

15 16

17

18

19 20

21 22

23

24

25 26

27 28

- 24. Based on its de novo review, the Texas Court of Appeals held that clear and convincing evidence supported the trial court's finding that Cummins made statements on these matters with actual malice. Motion, Exhibit 4 to Stillman Decl., Cummins v. Bat World Sanctuary, 2015 Tex. App. LEXIS 3472, *73 (Tex. App. Apr. 9, 2015).
- 25. Lollar then commenced an action in the Superior Court of California for the County of Los Angeles pursuant to the California Sister-State Judgment Act, CA Code Civ. P. § 1710.25, Lollar v. Cummins, Case No BS140207 (Superior Court of California, County of Los Angeles), to domesticate the Texas Judgment, which judgment was entered as a California Judgment on November 9, 2012 in the amount of \$6,121,039.42. Motion, Exhibit 5 to Stillman Decl., Judgment Based on Sister-State Judgment.
- 26. On April 10, 2017, Lollar assigned the judgment to the current plaintiff, Konstantin Khionidi, as Trustee of the Cobbs Trust, pursuant to CA Code Civ. P. § 673. Motion, Stillman Decl. ¶7 and Exhibit 6 attached thereto, Acknowledgement of Assignment of Judgment.
- 27. Defendant Cummins filed her voluntary petition under Chapter 7 of the Bankruptcy Code, 11 U.S.C., in this bankruptcy case on December 7, 2017. On March 10, 2018, Plaintiff commenced this adversary proceeding by filing his Complaint to Determine Dischargeability of Debt under 11 U.S.C. § 523(a)(6) against Defendant Cummins. Adv. Docket No. 1, Adv. Complaint.
- 29. Defendant filed and served an Answer to the Complaint on April 11, 2018. Adv. Docket No. 9, Defendant's Reply to Plaintiff's Complaint to Deny Debtor's Discharge, Determine Non-Dischargeability of Debts.
- 30. With interest accruing at \$1,676.99 per day, as of March 9, 2018 (the date before the filing of the adversary proceeding), the amount of the Sister State Judgment is \$9,385,842.81. Adv. Complaint, ¶ 36; Defendant's Reply to Plaintiff's Complaint to Deny Debtor's Discharge, ¶ 2 (admitting ¶ 36 of Complaint).

These facts numbered 1 through 30 are uncontroverted and deemed established in this case.

Case 2:18-ap-01066-RK Doc 85 Filed 05/26/19 Entered 05/26/19 21:30:30 Desc Imaged Certificate of Notice Page 9 of 9

CONTROVERTED FACTS

Nevertheless, the court determines that there are genuine issues of material fact for trial as to to whether Plaintiff Konstantin Khionidi, as Trustee of the Cobbs Trust, created a valid trust and has standing to pursue a judgment in this adversary proceeding and whether the Assignment meets all of the requirements for a valid assignment of a judgment because there is outstanding discovery that Defendant needs in order to respond to the motion for partial summary judgment or summary adjudication of facts pursuant to Federal Rule of Bankruptcy Procedure and Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 56(d).

Accordingly, Plaintiff's motion is granted in part as to the summary adjudication of certain facts as recited above and is denied in part as to his request for partial summary judgment as to the fourth cause of action of the complaint and as to summary adjudication of other facts as recited above.

The further hearing on this motion scheduled for May 29, 2019 to announce a ruling is hereby vacated in light of the issuance of this written ruling. No appearances on this motion are required on May 29, 2019.

However, because the adversary proceeding is not completely resolved as no final judgment is ready to be entered, the status conference in this adversary proceeding scheduled for May 29, 2019 at 1:30 p.m. remains on calendar, and appearances are required for the status conference.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Date: May 24, 2019

21 || #

###

Robert Kwan

United States Bankruptcy Judge

Me